# Product Information Data Sheet **Polyurethane - flexible foam**

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<u>Product</u>: Polyurethane flexible foam or PUR

Description of foam type:

Manufacturer: RECTICEL NV

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Polyurethane foams should be considered as "Materials" or "Products".

They are identified as industrial polymers.

Polyurethane foams are not considered to be hazardous products nor as mixtures of

dangerous substances.

## A. Product Identification

Product name: Polyether PUR, polyester PUR foam.

HR (High Resilient) PUR foam. Moulded Hot and Cold Cure Foam.

Trade names: Various, depending on the manufacturers.

Composition: Polyurethane polymer.

Chemical description: Poly-addition product of isocyanates,

polyether/polyester polyols and water, controlled by catalysts, stabilizers and other substances, resulting

in a cellular polyurethane foam.

The isocyanate and polyol are completely reacted during manufacture and foam, as supplied, contains

no free isocyanate.

Appearance: Cellular flexible foam.

Regulatory Information: No labeling is currently required for this product by

existing EU Directives on Classification, Packaging

and Labeling of Dangerous Substances.

## B. Physical properties

Physical form/appearance: Solid, voluminous material, more or less elastic

Colour: Varies according to manufacture

Specific gravity: 10-600 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: Insoluble

Odour: None or mild odour

Flash ignition point: Between 315℃ to 370℃

Decomposition temperature: Above 180℃

Thermal energy: 28 000 KJ/kg

Stability and reactivity: The product is stable at temperatures between

- 40℃ and +120℃

#### C. Fire Hazards identification

Auto-ignition point:

(ASTM D 1929)

Between 370℃ to 427℃

Fire hazard: The product is a combustible material and causes,

when burning, intense heat and dense smoke.

Melting point: The product can, when heated also melt and

flammable decomposition products can be

generated. In a fire, decomposition products such as carbon black, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, gaseous hydrocarbons and nitrogen containing products can be generated in various concentrations depending on the combustion conditions. Also

corrosive gases could be generated if foam grade

contains flame retardants.

Suitable fire extinguishers: Water, CO<sub>2</sub>, dry powder, liquid foam.

Human protection in large fires: Fire fighters should use self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Further fire information: Terms like "is flame retarded" or "contains flame

retardants" are sometimes used to describe

improved ignition resistance in small-scale tests and do not reflect hazards in large scale fire conditions.

Storage & Processing: Because of the fire risks associated with certain

processing operations on block foam (e.g. hot-wire cutting, crumbing, solvent lamination, etc) it is advisable to seek expert guidance on fire precautions that need to be in place.

D. Toxicological data

Oral: There is no evidence that PU foam is toxic orally.

LD50 (oral-rats) >5000 mg/kg.

Inhalation: Chronic inhalation of polyurethane dust particles

could cause lung infection, airway obstruction and

fibrosis.

Skin contact: No adverse effects known following contact with

PU foam.

Eye contact: Dust particles can cause mechanical irritation.

Rinse with water to remove dust.

Microbiological: contamination: PU foam is sterile when manufactured.

E. <u>Protective measures in handling, storage and</u>

PU foam at normal temperature presents no risk to

health. Special protective equipment and clothing is not necessary when handling foam, since it does not irritate the skin, eyes or respiratory system except in

those processes where dust is produced.

Ventilation: Provided there is adequate general ventilation, no

special precautions are necessary for most handling

and cutting operations.

Ventilation during some operations:

Local exhaust ventilation is necessary for some operations i.e. where dust is produced from buffing

and flocking operations or where fumes are

produced in flame laminating, heat forming and hot

wire cutting.

Storage: Store away from heat sources (match, cigarette,

open fire, electrical heater, ...).

UV rays may cause surface discoloration. This does

not affect the foam qualities.

Eye protection: Protective goggles should be worn for processes

which generate dust.

Protective clothing: Not required.

Other measures: No specific measures are needed at all for fully cured

PUR foam. Gloves should be used when handling

fresh foams.

See also section C dealing with Fire Hazards.

# F. Ecological information

Biodegradability: Dependent on the type of PU foam, the product is

not degradable or degrades slowly.

Additional ecological data: In case of a fire with standard foam, the particles that

fall in the water are harmless. They are sieved out of the water and/or disintegrated in the water treatment

plant. Living organisms in the water are not

endangered.

## **G.** Transport information

Labeling: PU foam is not classified for conveyance or supply

under the Carriage of Dangerous Goods

(classification, packaging and labeling) and Use of Transportable Pressure Receptacles Regulations 1996. The product is not classified as hazardous for any mode of transportation under current EU/UN

regulations by applying the appropriate

test method.

Measures: No special steps need to be taken for the

transportation of PU foam.

## H. <u>Disposal considerations</u>

Production trim: Trim polyurethane foam and off-cuts can usually be

recycled by several methods if uncontaminated by

extraneous matter.

Post Consumer Waste: A recycling option exists via rebonding if a series

technical and economical conditions are met. If recycling is not possible, scrap or post consumer PU foam waste can be disposed of at licensed landfill sites or by incineration under controlled conditions. Advice on the preferred method should be sought

from the Local Waste Regulation Authority.

Legislation: Under EU environmental Regulations and Directives,

there are no special requirements for the disposal of

standard foam.

### I. Composition and chemical characterisation

Input for external Material Data Systems or PU foam convertors.

Flexible polyurethanes are polymers and defined in Data Systems, i.e. IMDS, as product, not as a chemical compound.

For the manufacture of PU foam, a series of raw materials are used. These include, isocyanates, polyols (major proportion), water (small proportion). These ingredients are fully reactive and chemically bonded to the PU matrix of the polymer. The isocyanates are not biologically available from cured foam.

In addition, other essential additives of different characteristics are used in small concentrations, some of which could be chemically bonded also to the matrix.

Depending on the grade, the PU foam may contain any of the following substances in non-notifiable concentrations:

Aliphatic and/or cycloaliphatic amine catalysts

Flame-retardants

**Plasticisers** 

Silicone and/or organic surfactants Stannous octoate catalyst, tin oxide Organic and/or inorganic pigments. No detailed breakdown of the finished foam in any of these raw materials or additives can be expressed as final percentages as most are reactive and chemically bonded to the PU foam matrix or disappear gradually during the curing phase (24h) of the manufacture.

Additives, which prohibit the rebonding, recycling route are not present.

The PU foam manufacturer should check and report individually "only" the components that are used in a formulation according to the VDA list of 'declarable substances' (IMDS system).

## J. <u>Disclaimer of liability</u>

The local legislation is to be followed.

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate according to the best available knowledge of the PU foam manufacturer. The data on this sheet relate only to the specific material designated herein. The manufacturer assumes no legal responsibility for use of, or reliance upon these data. For information regarding specific applications of the product, the foam manufacturer should be contacted.

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